Kentucky Nonprofits & COVID-19 – Sector Resources Cybersecurity in a Pandemic for Small Businesses

All participants have been automatically muted.

During today's conversation, if you would like to submit a question, please use the "CHAT" feature located at the bottom of your Zoom screen.

You can also find COVID-19 resources on www.kynonprofits.org

We will begin the program shortly.







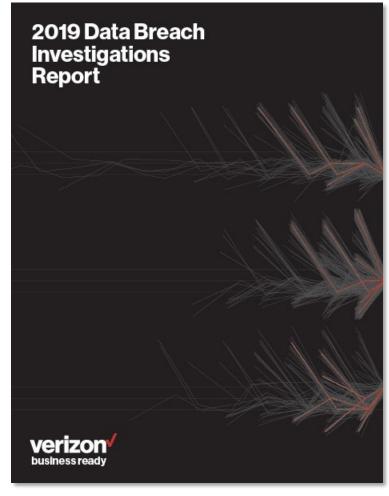
Agenda

- 1. Small business cybersecurity pre-pandemic
- 2. Rush to work from home
- 3. Cybersecurity during a pandemic
- 4. Online meeting tools discussion
- 5. Cybersecurity post-pandemic





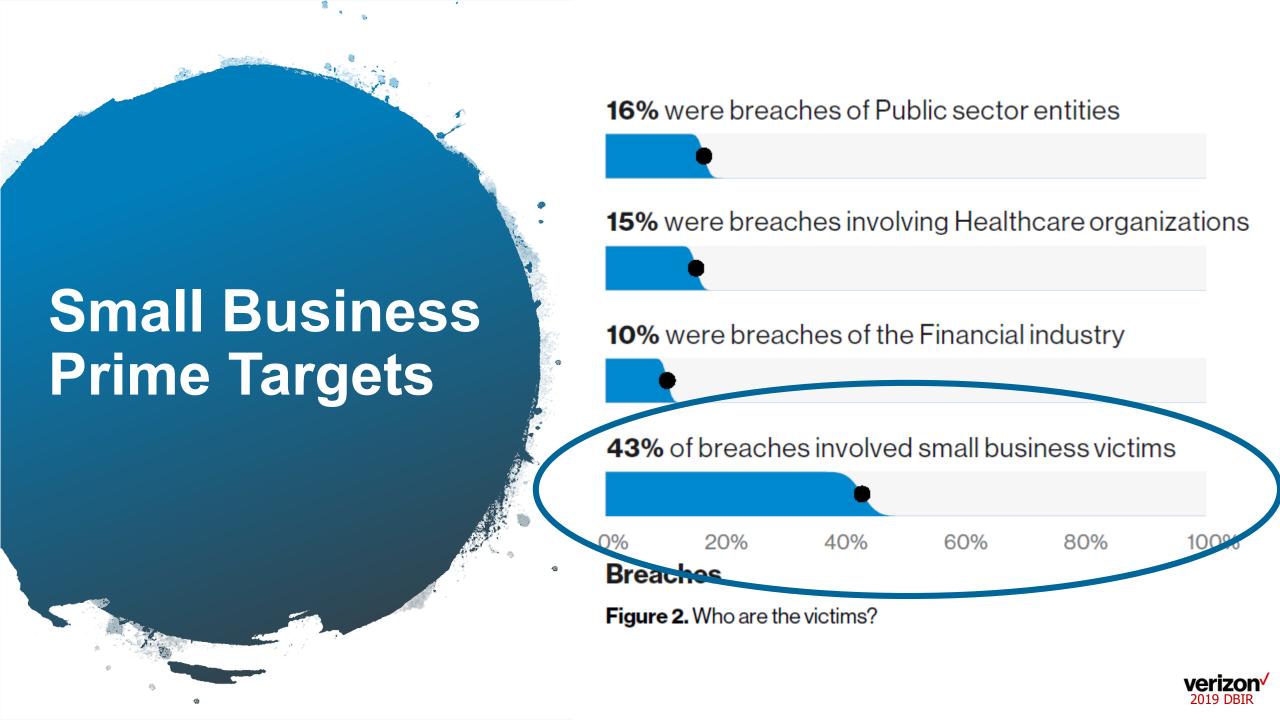
Industry reports









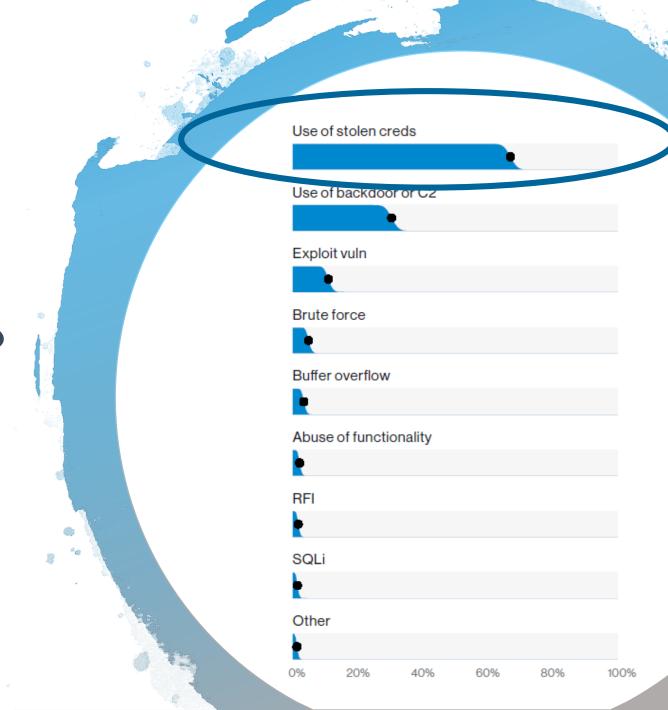


52% of breaches featured Hacking 33% included Social attacks 28% involved Malware Errors were causal events in 21% of breaches 15% were Misuse by authorized users Physical actions were present in 4% of breaches

What tactics are utilized?



Top hacking actions?





71% of breaches were financially motivated

25% of breaches were motivated by the gain of strategic advantage (espionage)

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32% of breaches involved phishing



29% of breaches involved use of stolen credentials



56% of breaches took months or longer to discover



What are other commonalities?



Small Business with Cyberattacks

Figure 1. Our company experienced a cyberattack and data breach in the past 12 months

Yes responses

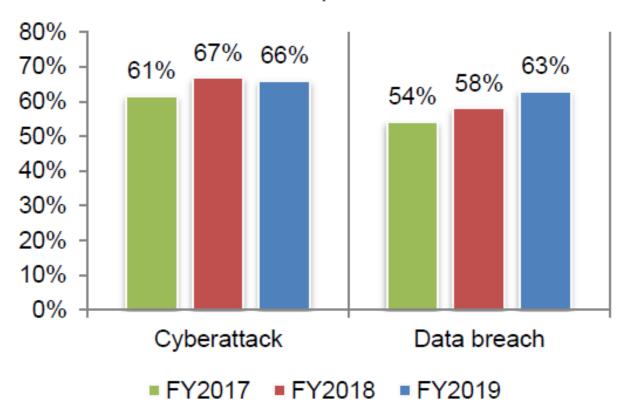
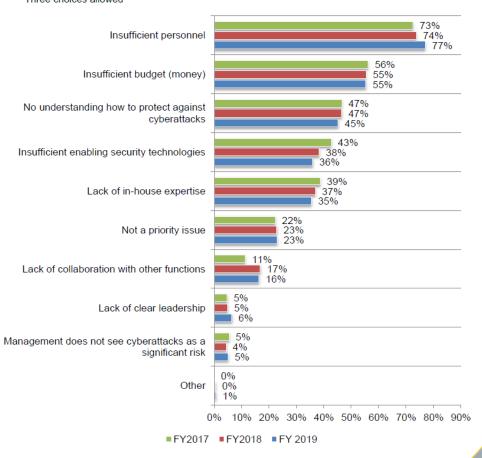




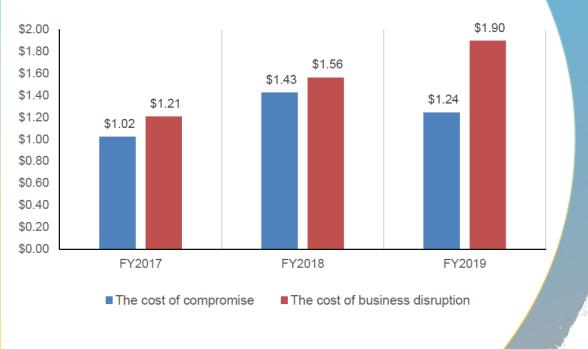
Figure 8. What challenges keep your IT security posture from being fully effective? Three choices allowed



Why aren't small businesses better at cybersecurity?



Figure 3. The average cost of compromise and business disruption over a 12-month period
US\$ millions



Cost of a breach and business disruption?





What did we see happen in a matter of days?

Remote Access?

- Open up remote desktop services
- More VPN users
- Third-party tools (free?)

Devices?

- Grab any spare laptop
- Employee's home computers

Who?

- Untrained users
- Employees out of their comfort zone

Communication?

- Free video conferencing
- Personal email
- Personal file shares



Concerns created by the rush

Remote Access?

What new vulnerabilities did you just open up for cyber criminals to access your network?

Devices?

How many vulnerable and unpatched devices are processing your critical data?

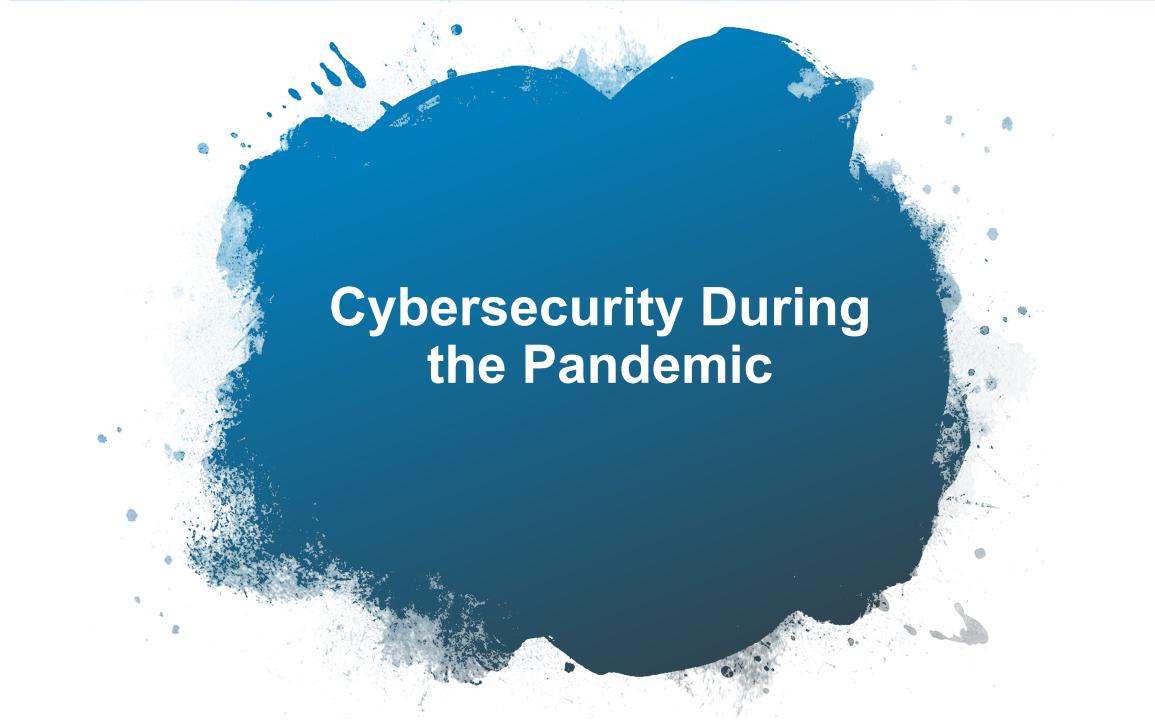
Who?

Are your users really prepared? Users are our number one vulnerability is cybersecurity.

Communication?

Where is your sensitive information going?





Do it NOW



- Remote access

 Make sure NO open RDP, Secure all remote MFA
- Get devices updated

 Swap out all old devices with patched and secure
- Secure password policies

 Review and implement secure password policies
- External vulnerability scan

 Have a professional do a quick external scan





Popular tools and recent news





Cisco Webex Resources →

Zoom Resources →





Best Practices

- Use unique meeting ID's for each meeting
- Require a password or ping to gain access to meetings
- Privately share meeting invitations.
- Consider requiring users to enable the "Lobby" or "Waiting room" functionality and affirming entry into a meeting.
- If your users are using client-applications versus the web interface, be sure the client applications are updated frequently to gain any security patches and enhancements that are released.



Key cybersecurity considerations



Do you have the right protection tools?



Have you had a third-party **Cyber** assessment conducted?

Recently?



Does your organization conduct regular user awareness training?



Would you know if your systems have been compromised? Do you have monitoring tools?





PEOPLE

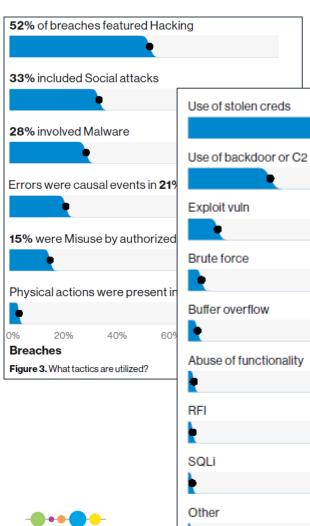
TECHNOLOGY

PROCESSES





People



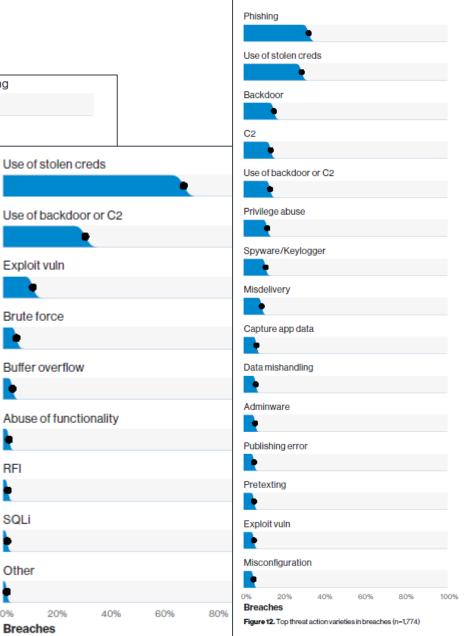


Figure 13. Top hacking action varieties in breaches (n=755)

User Awareness

It is critical to train and equipour users on the frontlines.







Processes & Controls

Risk Assessment

- Not just a technology exercise
- Must be continual

Information Security Program

- Policies and Procedures
- User education
- Technology
- Roadmap for improvement

Monitoring & Response

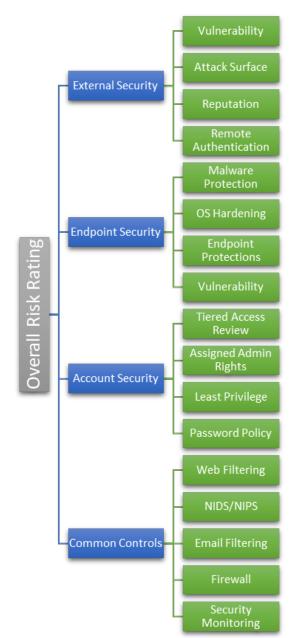
- Tools to monitor and provide early detection
- Incident Response plans

Business Continuity

- Documentation & planning
- Strong and reliable backups



Assessment: Dean Dorton Cybersecurity Scorecard



External Security Review (EXT)

Risk level associated with your Internet facing assets. Threats include direct, technical attacks, and credential theft.



Account Security Review (ASR)

Risk level associated with active directory and assigned privileges. Threats are related to propagation and credential theft.



Overall Organizational Risk

Overall organization risk based upon an average of the four areas evaluated.



Endpoint Security Review (ESR)

Risk level associated with your internal workstations and servers. Threats include exploitation and malware infection.



Common Controls Review (CCR)

Risk level associated with implementation of shared, organizational cyber-security controls

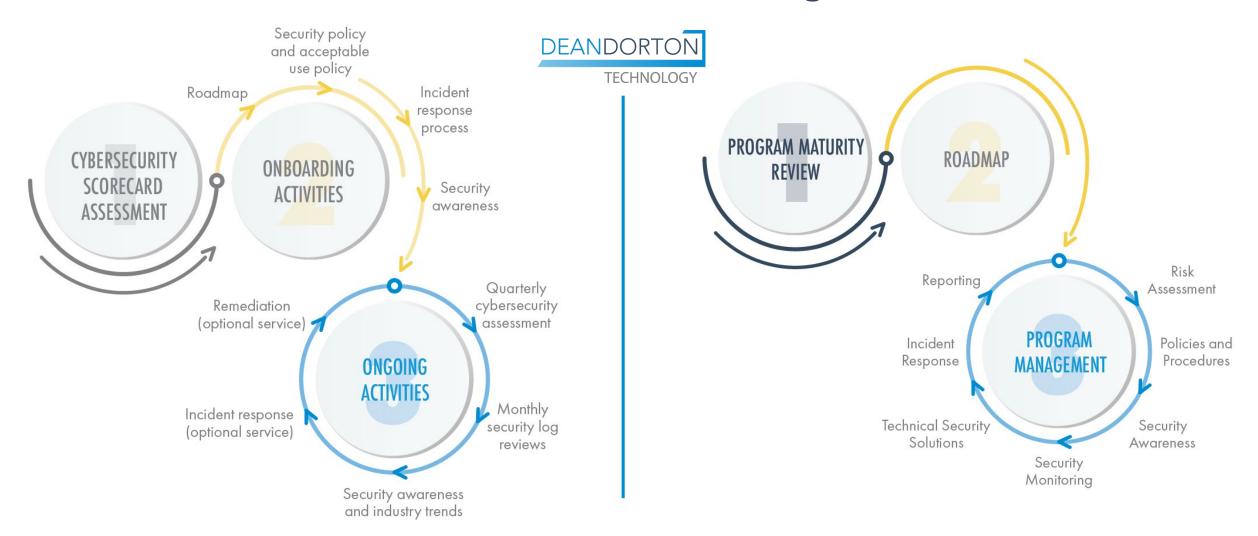




Security Lifecycles

Small Business Model

Large to Medium Model



Technology



MFA

Multi-factor Authentication



Next-Gen Anti-virus







Other considerations

Office 365

Have someone evaluate your **Office 365 security** and controls

Remote Workforce

- Should all users have a laptop?
- Virtual Desktop Solutions
- Cloud Solutions

Passwords

- Deploy a password filter
- Require strong passwords
- Minimum length 12
- Age: 180 days

Backups

- Multiple layers
- Air gap
- Test regularly



The one thing...

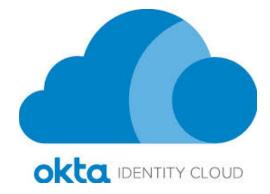


MFA

Multi-factor

Authentication









Resources



deandorton.com/insights

Remote Work Tools



deandorton.com/remote-work



deandorton.com/cybersecurity

What questions do you have?



Use the Chat box now



Thank you

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